

NAME

BIO_s_fd, BIO_set_fd, BIO_get_fd, BIO_new_fd - file descriptor BIO

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/bio.h>
```

```
const BIO_METHOD *BIO_s_fd(void);
```

```
int BIO_set_fd(BIO *b, int fd, int c);
```

```
int BIO_get_fd(BIO *b, int *c);
```

```
BIO *BIO_new_fd(int fd, int close_flag);
```

DESCRIPTION

BIO_s_fd() returns the file descriptor BIO method. This is a wrapper round the platforms file descriptor routines such as **read()** and **write()**.

BIO_read_ex() and **BIO_write_ex()** read or write the underlying descriptor. **BIO_puts()** is supported but **BIO_gets()** is not.

If the close flag is set then **close()** is called on the underlying file descriptor when the BIO is freed.

BIO_reset() attempts to change the file pointer to the start of file such as by using **lseek(fd, 0, 0)**.

BIO_seek() sets the file pointer to position **ofs** from start of file such as by using **lseek(fd, ofs, 0)**.

BIO_tell() returns the current file position such as by calling **lseek(fd, 0, 1)**.

BIO_set_fd() sets the file descriptor of BIO **b** to **fd** and the close flag to **c**.

BIO_get_fd() places the file descriptor of BIO **b** in **c** if it is not NULL. It also returns the file descriptor.

BIO_new_fd() returns a file descriptor BIO using **fd** and **close_flag**.

NOTES

The behaviour of **BIO_read_ex()** and **BIO_write_ex()** depends on the behavior of the platforms **read()** and **write()** calls on the descriptor. If the underlying file descriptor is in a non blocking mode then the BIO will behave in the manner described in the **BIO_read_ex(3)** and **BIO_should_retry(3)** manual pages.

File descriptor BIOs should not be used for socket I/O. Use socket BIOs instead.

BIO_set_fd() and **BIO_get_fd()** are implemented as macros.

RETURN VALUES

BIO_s_fd() returns the file descriptor BIO method.

BIO_set_fd() returns 1 on success or ≤ 0 for failure.

BIO_get_fd() returns the file descriptor or -1 if the BIO has not been initialized. It also returns zero and negative values if other error occurs.

BIO_new_fd() returns the newly allocated BIO or NULL if an error occurred.

EXAMPLES

This is a file descriptor BIO version of "Hello World":

```
BIO *out;

out = BIO_new_fd(fileno(stdout), BIO_NOCLOSE);
BIO_printf(out, "Hello World\n");
BIO_free(out);
```

SEE ALSO

BIO_seek(3), **BIO_tell(3)**, **BIO_reset(3)**, **BIO_read_ex(3)**, **BIO_write_ex(3)**, **BIO_puts(3)**, **BIO_gets(3)**, **BIO_printf(3)**, **BIO_set_close(3)**, **BIO_get_close(3)**

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