

**NAME**

SCT\_validate, SCT\_LIST\_validate, SCT\_get\_validation\_status - checks Signed Certificate Timestamps (SCTs) are valid

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <openssl/ct.h>
```

```
typedef enum {
    SCT_VALIDATION_STATUS_NOT_SET,
    SCT_VALIDATION_STATUS_UNKNOWN_LOG,
    SCT_VALIDATION_STATUS_VALID,
    SCT_VALIDATION_STATUS_INVALID,
    SCT_VALIDATION_STATUS_UNVERIFIED,
    SCT_VALIDATION_STATUS_UNKNOWN_VERSION
} sct_validation_status_t;
```

```
int SCT_validate(SCT *sct, const CT_POLICY_EVAL_CTX *ctx);
int SCT_LIST_validate(const STACK_OF(SCT) *scts, CT_POLICY_EVAL_CTX *ctx);
sct_validation_status_t SCT_get_validation_status(const SCT *sct);
```

**DESCRIPTION**

**SCT\_validate()** will check that an SCT is valid and verify its signature. **SCT\_LIST\_validate()** performs the same checks on an entire stack of SCTs. The result of the validation checks can be obtained by passing the SCT to **SCT\_get\_validation\_status()**.

A CT\_POLICY\_EVAL\_CTX must be provided that specifies:

- ⊕ The certificate the SCT was issued for.

Failure to provide the certificate will result in the validation status being SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_UNVERIFIED.

- ⊕ The issuer of that certificate.

This is only required if the SCT was issued for a pre-certificate (see RFC 6962). If it is required but not provided, the validation status will be SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_UNVERIFIED.

- ⊕ A CTLOG\_STORE that contains the CT log that issued this SCT.

If the SCT was issued by a log that is not in this CTLOG\_STORE, the validation status will be

### SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_UNKNOWN\_LOG.

If the SCT is of an unsupported version (only v1 is currently supported), the validation status will be SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_UNKNOWN\_VERSION.

If the SCT's signature is incorrect, its timestamp is in the future (relative to the time in CT\_POLICY\_EVAL\_CTX), or if it is otherwise invalid, the validation status will be SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_INVALID.

If all checks pass, the validation status will be SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_VALID.

## NOTES

A return value of 0 from **SCT\_LIST\_validate()** should not be interpreted as a failure. At a minimum, only one valid SCT may provide sufficient confidence that a certificate has been publicly logged.

## RETURN VALUES

**SCT\_validate()** returns a negative integer if an internal error occurs, 0 if the SCT fails validation, or 1 if the SCT passes validation.

**SCT\_LIST\_validate()** returns a negative integer if an internal error occurs, 0 if any of SCTs fails validation, or 1 if they all pass validation.

**SCT\_get\_validation\_status()** returns the validation status of the SCT. If **SCT\_validate()** or **SCT\_LIST\_validate()** have not been passed that SCT, the returned value will be SCT\_VALIDATION\_STATUS\_NOT\_SET.

## SEE ALSO

ct(7)

## HISTORY

These functions were added in OpenSSL 1.1.0.

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