

NAME

SSL_pending, SSL_has_pending - check for readable bytes buffered in an SSL object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int SSL_pending(const SSL *ssl);  
int SSL_has_pending(const SSL *s);
```

DESCRIPTION

Data is received in whole blocks known as records from the peer. A whole record is processed (e.g. decrypted) in one go and is buffered by OpenSSL until it is read by the application via a call to **SSL_read_ex(3)** or **SSL_read(3)**.

SSL_pending() returns the number of bytes which have been processed, buffered and are available inside *ssl* for immediate read.

If the **SSL** object's *read_ahead* flag is set (see **SSL_CTX_set_read_ahead(3)**), additional protocol bytes (beyond the current record) may have been read containing more TLS/SSL records. This also applies to DTLS and pipelining (see **SSL_CTX_set_split_send_fragment(3)**). These additional bytes will be buffered by OpenSSL but will remain unprocessed until they are needed. As these bytes are still in an unprocessed state **SSL_pending()** will ignore them. Therefore, it is possible for no more bytes to be readable from the underlying BIO (because OpenSSL has already read them) and for **SSL_pending()** to return 0, even though readable application data bytes are available (because the data is in unprocessed buffered records).

SSL_has_pending() returns 1 if *s* has buffered data (whether processed or unprocessed) and 0 otherwise. Note that it is possible for **SSL_has_pending()** to return 1, and then a subsequent call to **SSL_read_ex()** or **SSL_read()** to return no data because the unprocessed buffered data when processed yielded no application data (for example this can happen during renegotiation). It is also possible in this scenario for **SSL_has_pending()** to continue to return 1 even after an **SSL_read_ex()** or **SSL_read()** call because the buffered and unprocessed data is not yet processable (e.g. because OpenSSL has only received a partial record so far).

RETURN VALUES

SSL_pending() returns the number of buffered and processed application data bytes that are pending and are available for immediate read. **SSL_has_pending()** returns 1 if there is buffered record data in the **SSL** object and 0 otherwise.

SEE ALSO

**SSL_read_ex(3), SSL_read(3), SSL_CTX_set_read_ahead(3), SSL_CTX_set_split_send_fragment(3),
ssl(7)**

HISTORY

The **SSL_has_pending()** function was added in OpenSSL 1.1.0.

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