

NAME

X509_STORE_CTX_get_cleanup, X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_crls,
 X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_certs, X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_policy,
 X509_STORE_CTX_get_cert_crl, X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_crl,
 X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_crl, X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_revocation,
 X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_issued, X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_issuer,
 X509_STORE_CTX_get_verify_cb, X509_STORE_CTX_set_verify_cb,
 X509_STORE_CTX_verify_cb, X509_STORE_CTX_print_verify_cb - get and set
 X509_STORE_CTX components such as verification callback

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/x509_vfy.h>
```

```
typedef int (*X509_STORE_CTX_verify_cb)(int, X509_STORE_CTX *);
int X509_STORE_CTX_print_verify_cb(int ok, X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
```

```
X509_STORE_CTX_verify_cb X509_STORE_CTX_get_verify_cb(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
```

```
void X509_STORE_CTX_set_verify_cb(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx,
    X509_STORE_CTX_verify_cb verify_cb);
```

```
X509_STORE_CTX_get_issuer_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_issuer(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_check_issued_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_issued(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_check_revocation_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_revocation(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_get_crl_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_crl(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_check_crl_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_crl(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_cert_crl_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_cert_crl(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_check_policy_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_policy(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_lookup_certs_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_certs(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_lookup_crls_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_crls(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
X509_STORE_CTX_cleanup_fn X509_STORE_CTX_get_cleanup(X509_STORE_CTX *ctx);
```

DESCRIPTION

X509_STORE_CTX_set_verify_cb() sets the verification callback of **ctx** to **verify_cb** overwriting any existing callback.

The verification callback can be used to customise the operation of certificate verification, for instance by overriding error conditions or logging errors for debugging purposes.

However, a verification callback is **not** essential and the default operation is often sufficient.

The **ok** parameter to the callback indicates the value the callback should return to retain the default behaviour. If it is zero then an error condition is indicated. If it is 1 then no error occurred. If the flag **X509_V_FLAG_NOTIFY_POLICY** is set then **ok** is set to 2 to indicate the policy checking is complete.

The **ctx** parameter to the callback is the **X509_STORE_CTX** structure that is performing the verification operation. A callback can examine this structure and receive additional information about the error, for example by calling **X509_STORE_CTX_get_current_cert()**. Additional application data can be passed to the callback via the **ex_data** mechanism.

X509_STORE_CTX_print_verify_cb() is a verification callback function that, when a certificate verification has failed, adds an entry to the error queue with code **X509_R_CERTIFICATE_VERIFICATION_FAILED** and with diagnostic details, including the most relevant fields of the target certificate that failed to verify and, if appropriate, of the available untrusted and trusted certificates.

X509_STORE_CTX_get_verify_cb() returns the value of the current callback for the specific **ctx**.

X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_issuer(), **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_issued()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_revocation()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_crl()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_crl()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_cert_crl()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_policy()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_certs()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_crls()** and **X509_STORE_CTX_get_cleanup()** return the function pointers cached from the corresponding **X509_STORE**, please see **X509_STORE_set_verify(3)** for more information.

WARNINGS

In general a verification callback should **NOT** unconditionally return 1 in all circumstances because this will allow verification to succeed no matter what the error. This effectively removes all security from the application because **any** certificate (including untrusted generated ones) will be accepted.

NOTES

The verification callback can be set and inherited from the parent structure performing the operation. In some cases (such as S/MIME verification) the **X509_STORE_CTX** structure is created and destroyed internally and the only way to set a custom verification callback is by inheriting it from the associated **X509_STORE**.

RETURN VALUES

X509_STORE_CTX_set_verify_cb() does not return a value.

EXAMPLES

Default callback operation:

```
int verify_callback(int ok, X509_STORE_CTX *ctx) {
    return ok;
}
```

Simple example, suppose a certificate in the chain is expired and we wish to continue after this error:

```
int verify_callback(int ok, X509_STORE_CTX *ctx) {
    /* Tolerate certificate expiration */
    if (X509_STORE_CTX_get_error(ctx) == X509_V_ERR_CERT_HAS_EXPIRED)
        return 1;
    /* Otherwise don't override */
    return ok;
}
```

More complex example, we don't wish to continue after **any** certificate has expired just one specific case:

```
int verify_callback(int ok, X509_STORE_CTX *ctx)
{
    int err = X509_STORE_CTX_get_error(ctx);
    X509 *err_cert = X509_STORE_CTX_get_current_cert(ctx);

    if (err == X509_V_ERR_CERT_HAS_EXPIRED) {
        if (check_is_acceptable_expired_cert(err_cert))
            return 1;
    }
    return ok;
}
```

Full featured logging callback. In this case the **bio_err** is assumed to be a global logging **BIO**, an alternative would be to store a BIO in **ctx** using **ex_data**.

```
int verify_callback(int ok, X509_STORE_CTX *ctx)
{
    X509 *err_cert;
    int err, depth;
```

```

err_cert = X509_STORE_CTX_get_current_cert(ctx);
err = X509_STORE_CTX_get_error(ctx);
depth = X509_STORE_CTX_get_error_depth(ctx);

BIO_printf(bio_err, "depth=%d ", depth);
if (err_cert) {
    X509_NAME_print_ex(bio_err, X509_get_subject_name(err_cert),
                      0, XN_FLAG_ONELINE);
    BIO_puts(bio_err, "\n");
}
else
    BIO_puts(bio_err, "<no cert>\n");
if (!ok)
    BIO_printf(bio_err, "verify error:num=%d:%s\n", err,
              X509_verify_cert_error_string(err));
switch (err) {
case X509_V_ERR_UNABLE_TO_GET_ISSUER_CERT:
    BIO_puts(bio_err, "issuer=");
    X509_NAME_print_ex(bio_err, X509_get_issuer_name(err_cert),
                      0, XN_FLAG_ONELINE);
    BIO_puts(bio_err, "\n");
    break;
case X509_V_ERR_CERT_NOT_YET_VALID:
case X509_V_ERR_ERROR_IN_CERT_NOT_BEFORE_FIELD:
    BIO_printf(bio_err, "notBefore=");
    ASN1_TIME_print(bio_err, X509_get_notBefore(err_cert));
    BIO_printf(bio_err, "\n");
    break;
case X509_V_ERR_CERT_HAS_EXPIRED:
case X509_V_ERR_ERROR_IN_CERT_NOT_AFTER_FIELD:
    BIO_printf(bio_err, "notAfter=");
    ASN1_TIME_print(bio_err, X509_get_notAfter(err_cert));
    BIO_printf(bio_err, "\n");
    break;
case X509_V_ERR_NO_EXPLICIT_POLICY:
    policies_print(bio_err, ctx);
    break;
}
if (err == X509_V_OK && ok == 2)
    /* print out policies */

```

```
BIO_printf(bio_err, "verify return:%d\n", ok);
return(ok);
}
```

SEE ALSO

X509_STORE_CTX_get_error(3) **X509_STORE_set_verify_cb_func(3)**
X509_STORE_CTX_get_ex_new_index(3)

HISTORY

The **X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_issuer()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_issued()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_revocation()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_get_crl()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_crl()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_cert_crl()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_check_policy()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_certs()**, **X509_STORE_CTX_get_lookup_crls()** and **X509_STORE_CTX_get_cleanup()** functions were added in OpenSSL 1.1.0.

X509_STORE_CTX_print_verify_cb() was added in OpenSSL 3.0.

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