

NAME

set_constraint_handler_s, **abort_handler_s**, **ignore_handler_s** - runtime-constraint violation handling

LIBRARY

Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

SYNOPSIS

```
#define __STDC_WANT_LIB_EXT1__ 1
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
constraint_handler_t  
set_constraint_handler_s(constraint_handler_t handler);
```

Handler Prototype

```
typedef void  
(*constraint_handler_t)(const char * restrict msg, void * restrict ptr, errno_t error);
```

Predefined Handlers

```
void  
abort_handler_s(const char * restrict msg, void * restrict ptr, errno_t error);
```

```
void  
ignore_handler_s(const char * restrict msg, void * restrict ptr, errno_t error);
```

DESCRIPTION

The **set_constraint_handler_s()** function sets the runtime-constraint violation handler to be *handler*.

The runtime-constraint handler is the callback function invoked when a library function detects a runtime-constraint violation.

The arguments are as follows:

msg A pointer to a character string describing the runtime-constraint violation.

ptr A NULL pointer.

error If the function calling the handler has a return type declared as *errno_t*, the return value of the function is passed. Otherwise, a positive value of type *errno_t* is passed.

Only the most recent handler registered with `set_constraint_handler_s()` is called when a runtime-constraint violation occurs.

The implementation has a default constraint handler that is used if no calls to the `set_constraint_handler_s()` function have been made. If the `handler` argument to `set_constraint_handler_s()` is a NULL pointer, the default handler becomes the current constraint handler.

The `abort_handler_s()` and `ignore_handler_s()` are the standard-defined runtime-constraint handlers provided by the C library.

The `abort_handler_s()` function writes the error message including the `msg` to stderr and calls the `abort(3)` function. The `abort_handler_s()` is currently the default runtime-constraint handler.

The `ignore_handler_s()` simply returns to its caller.

RETURN VALUES

The `set_constraint_handler_s()` function returns a pointer to the previously registered handler, or NULL if none was previously registered.

The `abort_handler_s()` function does not return to its caller.

The `ignore_handler_s()` function returns no value.

STANDARDS

The `set_constraint_handler_s()` function conforms to ISO/IEC 9899:2011 ("ISO C11") K.3.6.1.1.

AUTHORS

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