#### **NAME**

confstr - get string-valued configurable variables

### **LIBRARY**

```
Standard C Library (libc, -lc)
```

#### **SYNOPSIS**

#include <unistd.h>

size\_t

confstr(int name, char \*buf, size\_t len);

### DESCRIPTION

This interface is specified by IEEE Std 1003.1-2001 ("POSIX.1"). A more flexible (but non-portable) interface is provided by sysctl(3).

The **confstr**() function provides a method for applications to get configuration defined string values. Shell programmers needing access to these parameters should use the getconf(1) utility.

The *name* argument specifies the system variable to be queried. Symbolic constants for each name value are found in the include file *<unistd.h>*. The *len* argument specifies the size of the buffer referenced by the argument *buf*. If *len* is non-zero, *buf* is a non-null pointer, and *name* has a value, up to *len* - 1 bytes of the value are copied into the buffer *buf*. The copied value is always null terminated.

The available values are as follows:

## CS PATH

Return a value for the PATH environment variable that finds all the standard utilities.

### RETURN VALUES

If the call to **confstr**() is not successful, 0 is returned and *errno* is set appropriately. Otherwise, if the variable does not have a configuration defined value, 0 is returned and *errno* is not modified. Otherwise, the buffer size needed to hold the entire configuration-defined value is returned. If this size is greater than the argument *len*, the string in *buf* was truncated.

### **ERRORS**

The **confstr**() function may fail and set *errno* for any of the errors specified for the library functions malloc(3) and sysctl(3).

In addition, the following errors may be reported:

[EINVAL]

The value of the *name* argument is invalid.

# **SEE ALSO**

getconf(1), pathconf(2), sysconf(3), sysctl(3)

# **HISTORY**

The **confstr**() function first appeared in 4.4BSD.