

NAME

cimag, **cimagf**, **cimatl**, **conj**, **conjf**, **conjl**, **cproj**, **cprojf**, **cprojl**, **creal**, **crealf**, **creall** - functions to manipulate complex numbers

LIBRARY

Math Library (libm, -lm)

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <complex.h>

double
cimag(double complex z);

float
cimagf(float complex z);

long double
cimatl(long double complex z);

double complex
conj(double complex z);

float complex
conjf(float complex z);

long double complex
conjl(long double complex z);

double complex
cproj(double complex z);

float complex
cprojf(float complex z);

long double complex
cprojl(long double complex z);

double
creal(double complex z);
```

float
crealf(*float complex z*);

long double
creall(*long double complex z*);

DESCRIPTION

Let $a+b*i$ denote the complex number z .

The **creal()** functions return the real part a , and the **cimag()** functions return the imaginary part b .

The **conj()** functions return the complex conjugate $a-b*i$.

The **cproj()** functions return the projection onto the Riemann sphere. If z contains an infinite component, then the result is *infinity* + $0*i$, where the (zero) imaginary part of the result has the same sign as b . Otherwise, the result is z .

These functions do not signal any floating point exceptions.

STANDARDS

The **cimag()**, **conj()**, **cproj()**, and **creal()** functions conform to ISO/IEC 9899:1999 ("ISO C99").

HISTORY

The **cimag()**, **conj()** and **creal()** functions first appeared in FreeBSD 5.3. The **cproj()** functions appeared in FreeBSD 8.0.