#### **NAME**

gssapi - Generic Security Services API

### LIBRARY

GSS-API Library (libgssapi, -lgssapi)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

#include <gssapi/gssapi.h>

### DESCRIPTION

The Generic Security Service Application Programming Interface provides security services to its callers, and is intended for implementation atop a variety of underlying cryptographic mechanisms. Typically, GSS-API callers will be application protocols into which security enhancements are integrated through invocation of services provided by the GSS-API. The GSS-API allows a caller application to authenticate a principal identity associated with a peer application, to delegate rights to a peer, and to apply security services such as confidentiality and integrity on a per-message basis.

There are four stages to using the GSS-API:

- a) The application acquires a set of credentials with which it may prove its identity to other processes. The application's credentials vouch for its global identity, which may or may not be related to any local username under which it may be running.
- A pair of communicating applications establish a joint security context using their credentials. The security context is a pair of GSS-API data structures that contain shared state information, which is required in order that per-message security services may be provided. Examples of state that might be shared between applications as part of a security context are cryptographic keys, and message sequence numbers. As part of the establishment of a security context, the context initiator is authenticated to the responder, and may require that the responder is authenticated in turn. The initiator may optionally give the responder the right to initiate further security contexts, acting as an agent or delegate of the initiator. This transfer of rights is termed delegation, and is achieved by creating a set of credentials, similar to those used by the initiating application, but which may be used by the responder.

To establish and maintain the shared information that makes up the security context, certain GSS-API calls will return a token data structure, which is an opaque data type that may contain cryptographically protected data. The caller of such a GSS-API routine is responsible for transferring the token to the peer application, encapsulated if necessary in an application protocol. On receipt of such a token, the peer application should pass it to a corresponding GSS-API routine which will

decode the token and extract the information, updating the security context state information accordingly.

# c) Per-message services are invoked to apply either:

integrity and data origin authentication, or confidentiality, integrity and data origin authentication to application data, which are treated by GSS-API as arbitrary octet-strings. An application transmitting a message that it wishes to protect will call the appropriate GSS-API routine (gss\_get\_mic or gss\_wrap) to apply protection, specifying the appropriate security context, and send the resulting token to the receiving application. The receiver will pass the received token (and, in the case of data protected by gss\_get\_mic, the accompanying message-data) to the corresponding decoding routine (gss\_verify\_mic or gss\_unwrap) to remove the protection and validate the data.

d) At the completion of a communications session (which may extend across several transport connections), each application calls a GSS-API routine to delete the security context. Multiple contexts may also be used (either successively or simultaneously) within a single communications association, at the option of the applications.

### **GSS-API ROUTINES**

This section lists the routines that make up the GSS-API, and offers a brief description of the purpose of each routine.

# GSS-API Credential-management Routines:

gss\_acquire\_cred Assume a global identity; Obtain a GSS-API credential handle for pre-

existing credentials.

gss\_add\_cred Construct credentials incrementally

gss\_inquire\_cred Obtain information about a credential

gss\_inquire\_cred\_by\_mech Obtain per-mechanism information about a credential.

gss\_release\_cred Discard a credential handle.

# GSS-API Context-Level Routines:

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gss\_process\_context\_token Process a token on a security context from a peer application

gss\_context\_time Determine for how long a context will remain valid

gss\_inquire\_context Obtain information about a security context

gss\_wrap\_size\_limit Determine token-size limit for gss\_wrap(3) on a context

gss\_export\_sec\_context Transfer a security context to another process

GSS-API Per-message Routines:

gss\_get\_mic Calculate a cryptographic message integrity code (MIC) for a message;

integrity service

gss\_verify\_mic Check a MIC against a message; verify integrity of a received message

gss\_wrap Attach a MIC to a message, and optionally encrypt the message content;

confidentiality service

gss\_unwrap Verify a message with attached MIC, and decrypt message content if

necessary.

GSS-API Name manipulation Routines:

gss\_import\_name Convert a contiguous string name to internal-form

gss\_display\_name Convert internal-form name to text

gss\_compare\_name Compare two internal-form names

gss\_release\_name Discard an internal-form name

gss\_inquire\_names\_for\_mech

List the name-types supported by the specified mechanism

gss\_inquire\_mechs\_for\_name

List mechanisms that support the specified name-type

gss\_canonicalize\_name Convert an internal name to an MN

gss\_export\_name Convert an MN to export form

GSS-API Miscellaneous Routines

gss\_add\_oid\_set\_member Add an object identifier to a set

gss\_indicate\_mechs Determine available underlying authentication mechanisms

gss\_release\_buffer Discard a buffer

gss\_release\_oid\_set Discard a set of object identifiers

gss\_test\_oid\_set\_member Determines whether an object identifier is a member of a set.

Individual GSS-API implementations may augment these routines by providing additional mechanism-specific routines if required functionality is not available from the generic forms. Applications are encouraged to use the generic routines wherever possible on portability grounds.

### **STANDARDS**

RFC 2743 Generic Security Service Application Program Interface Version 2, Update 1

RFC 2744 Generic Security Service API Version 2 : C-bindings

### **HISTORY**

The **gssapi** library first appeared in FreeBSD 7.0.

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