

NAME

life_cycle-kdf - The KDF algorithm life-cycle

DESCRIPTION

All key derivation functions (KDFs) and pseudo random functions (PRFs) go through a number of stages in their life-cycle:

start This state represents the KDF/PRF before it has been allocated. It is the starting state for any life-cycle transitions.

newed

This state represents the KDF/PRF after it has been allocated.

deriving

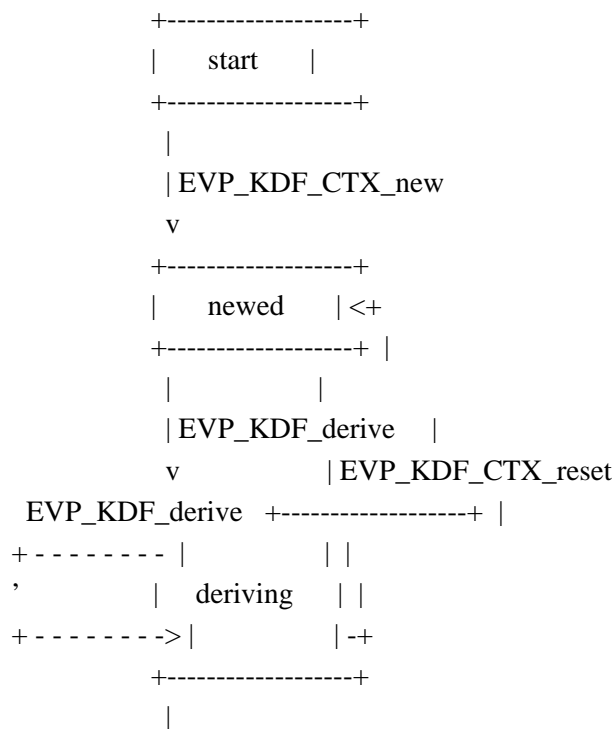
This state represents the KDF/PRF when it is set up and capable of generating output.

freed

This state is entered when the KDF/PRF is freed. It is the terminal state for all life-cycle transitions.

State Transition Diagram

The usual life-cycle of a KDF/PRF is illustrated:



```

    | EVP_KDF_CTX_free
    v
+-----+
|   freed   |
+-----+

```

Formal State Transitions

This section defines all of the legal state transitions. This is the canonical list.

Function Call	-----	Current State	-----	
	start	newed	deriving	freed
EVP_KDF_CTX_new		newed		
EVP_KDF_derive			deriving	deriving
EVP_KDF_CTX_free		freed	freed	freed
EVP_KDF_CTX_reset			newed	newed
EVP_KDF_CTX_get_params			newed	deriving
EVP_KDF_CTX_set_params			newed	deriving
EVP_KDF_CTX_gettable_params			newed	deriving
EVP_KDF_CTX_settable_params			newed	deriving

NOTES

At some point the EVP layer will begin enforcing the transitions described herein.

SEE ALSO

provider-kdf(7), **EVP_KDF(3)**.

HISTORY

The provider KDF interface was introduced in OpenSSL 3.0.

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