#### **NAME**

netconfig - network configuration data base

## **SYNOPSIS**

/etc/netconfig

## **DESCRIPTION**

The **netconfig** file defines a list of "transport names", describing their semantics and protocol. In FreeBSD, this file is only used by the RPC library code.

Entries have the following format:

network\_id semantics flags family protoname device libraries

Entries consist of the following fields:

network\_id The name of the transport described.

semantics Describes the semantics of the transport. This can be one of:

**tpi\_clts** Connectionless transport.

**tpi\_cots** Connection-oriented transport

tpi\_cots\_ord Connection-oriented, ordered transport.

**tpi\_raw** A raw connection.

flags This field is either blank (specified by "-"), or contains one or more of the following characters:

- **b** The network represented by this entry is broadcast capable. This flag is meaningless in FreeBSD.
- **v** The entry may be returned by the getnetpath(3) function.

family The protocol family of the transport. This is currently one of:

**inet6** The IPv6 (PF\_INET6) family of protocols.

**inet** The IPv4 (PF\_INET) family of protocols.

**loopback** The PF\_LOCAL protocol family.

protoname The name of the protocol used for this transport. Can currently be either **udp**, **tcp** or empty.

device This field is always empty in FreeBSD.

libraries This field is always empty in FreeBSD.

The order of entries in this file will determine which transport will be preferred by the RPC library code, given a match on a specified network type. For example, if a sample network config file would look like this:

```
udp6
        tpi clts
                 v inet6 udp -
tcp6
       tpi_cots_ord v inet6 tcp
udp
       tpi_clts v inet
                          udp
      tpi_cots_ord v
                      inet
tcp
                            tcp
rawip
        tpi_raw
                      inet
local
       tpi_cots_ord -
                      loopback -
```

then using the network type **udp** in calls to the RPC library function (see rpc(3)) will make the code first try **udp6**, and then **udp**.

getnetconfig(3) and associated functions will parse this file and return structures of the following format:

```
struct netconfig {
  char *nc_netid;
                         /* Network ID */
  unsigned long nc_semantics; /* Semantics */
  unsigned long nc_flag;
                            /* Flags */
  char *nc_protofmly;
                           /* Protocol family */
                         /* Protocol name */
  char *nc_proto;
                          /* Network device pathname (unused) */
  char *nc device;
  unsigned long nc nlookups; /* Number of lookup libs (unused) */
  char **nc_lookups;
                           /* Names of the libraries (unused) */
  unsigned long nc_unused[9]; /* reserved */
};
```

#### **FILES**

/etc/netconfig

# **SEE ALSO**

getnetconfig(3), getnetpath(3)