

**NAME**

**nghook** - connect to a netgraph(4) node

**SYNOPSIS**

**nghook** [-adlnSs] [-m *msg*] *path* [*hookname*]

**nghook -e** [-n] [-m *msg*] *path* *hookname* *program* [*args* ...]

**DESCRIPTION**

The **nghook** utility creates a `ng_socket(4)` socket type node and connects it to hook *hookname* of the node found at *path*. If *hookname* is omitted, "debug" is assumed.

If the **-e** option is given, the third argument is interpreted as the path to a program, and this program is executed with the remaining arguments as its arguments. Before executing, the program Netgraph messages (specified by the **-m** option) are sent to the node. The program is executed with its standard input (unless closed by **-n**) and output connected to the hook.

If the **-e** option is not given, all data written to standard input is sent to the node, and all data received from the node is relayed to standard output. Messages specified with **-m** are sent to the node before the loop is entered. The **nghook** utility exits when EOF is detected on standard input in this case.

The options are as follows:

**-a** Output each packet read in human-readable decoded ASCII form instead of raw binary.

**-d** Increase the debugging verbosity level.

**-e** Execute the program specified by the third argument.

**-l** Loops all received data back to the hook in addition to writing it to standard output.

**-m** *msg*

Before executing the program (in **-e** mode) send the given ASCII control message to the node. This option may be given more than once.

**-n** Do not attempt to read any data from standard input. The **nghook** utility will continue reading from the node until stopped by a signal.

**-S** Use file descriptor 0 for output instead of the default 1.

**-s** Use file descriptor 1 for input instead of the default 0.

**SEE ALSO**

netgraph(3), netgraph(4), ngctl(8)

**HISTORY**

The **netgraph** system was designed and first implemented at Whistle Communications, Inc. in a version of FreeBSD 2.2 customized for the Whistle InterJet.

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**BUGS**

Although all input is read in unbuffered mode, there is no way to control the packetization of the input.

If the node sends a response to a message (specified by **-m**), this response is lost.