## **NAME**

bus\_map\_resource, bus\_unmap\_resource\_init\_map\_request - map or unmap an active resource

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <machine/bus.h>
#include <machine/bus.h>
#include <sys/rman.h>
#include <machine/resource.h>

int
bus_map_resource(device_t dev, int type, struct resource *r, struct resource_map_request *args, struct resource_map *map);

int
bus_unmap_resource(device_t dev, int type, struct resource *r, struct resource_map *map);

void
resource_init_map_request(struct resource_map_request *args);
```

# **DESCRIPTION**

These functions create or destroy a mapping of a previously activated resource. Mappings permit CPU access to the resource via the bus\_space(9) API.

The arguments are as follows:

dev The device that owns the resource.

*type* The type of resource to map. It is one of:

SYS\_RES\_IOPORT for I/O ports SYS\_RES\_MEMORY for I/O memory

r A pointer to the *struct resource* returned by bus\_alloc\_resource(9).

args A set of optional properties to apply when creating a mapping. This argument can be set to NULL to request a mapping of the entire resource with the default properties.

map The resource mapping to create or destroy.

## **Resource Mappings**

Resource mappings are described by a *struct resource\_map* object. This structure contains a bus\_space(9) tag and handle in the  $r\_bustag$  and  $r\_bushandle$  members that can be used for CPU access to the mapping. The structure also contains a  $r\_vaddr$  member which contains the virtual address of the mapping if one exists.

The wrapper API for *struct resource* objects described in bus\_activate\_resource(9) can also be used with *struct resource\_map*. For example, a pointer to a mapping object can be passed as the first argument to **bus\_read\_4**(). This wrapper API is preferred over using the *r\_bustag* and *r\_bushandle* members directly.

# **Optional Mapping Properties**

The *struct resource\_map\_request* object passed in *args* can be used to specify optional properties of a mapping. The structure must be initialized by invoking **resource\_init\_map\_request**(). Properties are then specified by setting one or more of these members:

```
offset, length
```

These two members specify a region of the resource to map. By default a mapping is created for the entire resource. The *offset* is relative to the start of the resource.

memattr

Specifies a memory attribute to use when mapping the resource. By default memory mappings use the VM\_MEMATTR\_UNCACHEABLE attribute.

### **RETURN VALUES**

Zero is returned on success, otherwise an error is returned.

### **EXAMPLES**

This maps a PCI memory BAR with the write-combining memory attribute and reads the first 32-bit word:

```
req.memattr = VM_MEMATTR_WRITE_COMBINING;
bus_map_resource(dev, SYS_RES_MEMORY, r, &req, &map);
val = bus_read_4(&map, 0);
```

#### **SEE ALSO**

bus\_activate\_resource(9), bus\_alloc\_resource(9), bus\_space(9), device(9), driver(9)

# **AUTHORS**

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