

NAME

sasl_listmech - Cyrus SASL documentation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sasl/sasl.h>
```

```
int sasl_listmech(sasl_conn_t *conn,  
                 const char *user,  
                 const char *prefix,  
                 const char *sep,  
                 const char *suffix,  
                 const char **result,  
                 unsigned *plen,  
                 int *pcount);
```

DESCRIPTION

```
int sasl_listmech(sasl_conn_t *conn,  
  
const char *user,  
  
const char *prefix,  
  
const char *sep,  
  
const char *suffix,  
  
const char **result,  
  
unsigned *plen,  
  
int *pcount);
```

sasl_listmech returns a string listing the SASL names of all the mechanisms available to the specified user. This is typically given to the client through a capability command or initial server response. Client applications need this list so that they know what mechanisms the server supports.

Parameters

⊕ **conn** - the SASL context for this connection

- ⊕ **user** - (optional) restricts the mechanism list to only those available to the user.
- ⊕ **prefix** - appended to beginning of result
- ⊕ **sep** - appended between mechanisms
- ⊕ **suffix** - appended to end of result
- ⊕ **result** - NULL terminated result string (allocated/freed by library)
- ⊕ **plen** - length of result filled in by library. May be NULL
- ⊕ **pcount** - Number of mechanisms available (filled in by library). May be NULL

EXAMPLE

```
sasl_listmech(conn,NULL,"(",",",""),&mechlist,NULL,NULL);
```

may give the following string as a result:

```
(ANONYMOUS,KERBEROS_V4,DIGEST-MD5)
```

RETURN VALUE

SASL functions should return SASL return codes. See `sasl.h` for a complete list. **SASL_OK** indicates success.

SEE ALSO

RFC 4422, `saslman:sasl(3)`, `sasl_server_new(3)`, `sasl_errors(3)`, `sasl_client_new(3)`

AUTHOR

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