NAME

strxfrm - transform a string under locale

LIBRARY

Standard C Library (libc, -lc)

SYNOPSIS

#include <string.h>

size_t

strxfrm(char * restrict dst, const char * restrict src, size_t n);

size_t

strxfrm_l(char * restrict dst, const char *restrict src, size_t n, locale_t loc);

DESCRIPTION

The **strxfrm**() function transforms a null-terminated string pointed to by *src* according to the current locale collation if any, then copies the transformed string into dst. Not more than *n* characters are copied into dst, including the terminating null character added. If *n* is set to 0 (it helps to determine an actual size needed for transformation), dst is permitted to be a NULL pointer.

Comparing two strings using **strcmp**() after **strxfrm**() is equal to comparing two original strings with **strcoll**().

strxfrm_l() does the same, however takes an explicit locale rather than the global locale.

RETURN VALUES

Upon successful completion, **strxfrm**() and **strxfrm_l**() return the length of the transformed string not including the terminating null character. If this value is *n* or more, the contents of *dst* are indeterminate.

SEE ALSO

setlocale(3), strcmp(3), strcoll(3), wcsxfrm(3)

STANDARDS

The **strxfrm**() function conforms to ISO/IEC 9899:1990 ("ISO C90"). The **strxfrm_l**() function conforms to IEEE Std 1003.1-2008 ("POSIX.1").